

$$\frac{7-21-14}{\quad}$$

(1)

Quiz 9 - Hints

#8

$$5^{-8} \cdot 5^4 = ?$$

WANT POSITIVE EXPONENTS!

Example: $2^{-91} \cdot 2^{87} = 2^{-91+87} = 2^{-4} = \frac{1}{2^4} = \frac{1}{16}^*$

Use Rule

$$x^{-n} = \frac{1}{x^n}$$

↑
CAN BE FURTHER SIMPLIFIED

* $2^4 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 4 \cdot 4 = 16$

Quiz 9 - Hints

#4

$(2x^2 - 14xy + 15y^2)$

$$(2x^2 - 4xy + 15y^2) - (20x^2 - 14xy^2 - 14y)$$

↑
"deal breaker"

step 1 | distribute the -

step 2 | combine

example $(51x^2 - 5xy + 10y^2) - (68x^2 - 14xy - 14y)$

step 1 | } $51x^2 - 5xy + 10y^2 - 68x^2 + 14xy + 14y$

step 2 | } $-17x^2 - 5xy + 24y + 14xy^2$

22

Quiz 9 hints



#5

$$x + 5 \overline{) x^2 + 2x - 15}$$

example

$$x - 2 \overline{) x^2 - 2x - 8}$$

$$x + 4 \overline{) x^2 + 2x - 16}$$

$$- (x^2 + 4x) \downarrow$$

$$- 2x - 16$$

$$- [-2x - 8] *$$

$$\frac{x^2}{x} = x$$

$$x(x+4) = x^2 + 4x$$

$$\frac{-2x}{x} = -2$$

$$-2(x+4) = -2x - 8$$

BEST FORM:

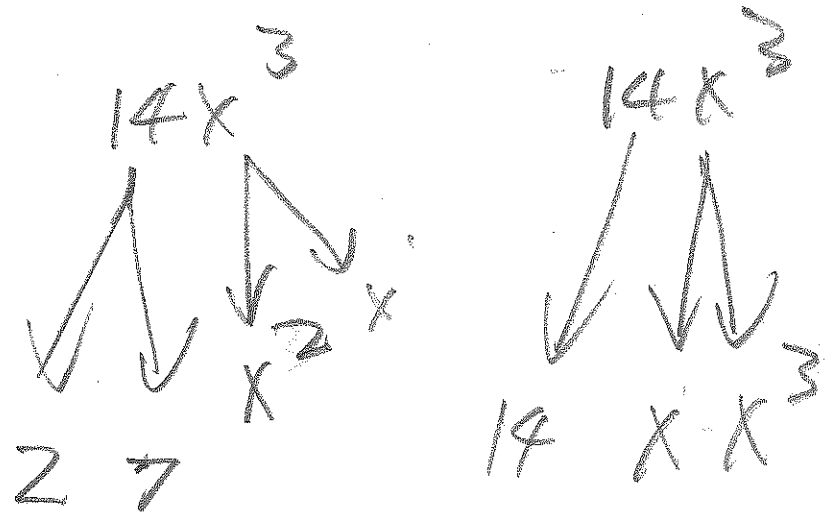
$$x - 2 + \frac{-8}{x + 4}$$

$$* = x - 2 - \frac{8}{x + 4}$$

$$-2x - 16 - [-2x - 8] = -2x - 16 + 2x + 8 = -8$$

CP 5:1
(9)

Supplements
FIND 3 factorizations (4)



another factorization:

$$14 \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x$$

(37) $n(n-6) + 3(n-6)$

$$= \underline{n(n-6)} + 3 \cdot \underline{(n-6)}$$

$$= \underline{(n-6)} \cdot (n+3) = (n-6)(n+3)$$

Sol

5

$$(43) \quad x^3 + 2x^2 + 5x + 10$$

$$(x^3 + 2x^2) + (5x + 10) \leftarrow \text{Step 1}$$

$$x^2(x+2) + 5(x+2) \leftarrow \text{Factor}$$

$$\frac{x^3}{x^2} = (x)$$

$$\frac{2x^2}{x^2} = (2)$$



$$\text{GCF} = x^2$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = (x)$$

$$\frac{10}{5} = (2)$$



$$\text{GCF} = 5$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{x^2 \cdot (x+2) + 5 \cdot (x+2)}{(x+2) \cdot [x^2 + 5]} = (x+2)(x^2 + 5)$$

$$(x+2) \cdot [x^2 + 5] = (x+2)(x^2 + 5)$$

Σ-2

(6)

(32)

$$-2x - 99 + x^2$$

HINT: REORDER \Rightarrow

$$x^2 - 2x - 99$$



neg

$$(x + A) \cdot (x - B)$$

$$A \cdot B = 99$$

$$A - B = -2$$

$$\rightarrow A = 9$$

$$B = 11$$

$$\rightarrow (x + 9) \cdot (x - 11) = \text{ANSWER}$$

sec 5.2

(7)

(55)

$$p^2 - 7pq + 10q^2$$

↑
neg

↑
pos

$$(p - Aq) \cdot (p - Bq)$$

Let $p = x$ and $q = y$:

$$\rightarrow x^2 - 7xy + 10y^2$$

$$= (x - Ay)(x - By)$$

$$= (x - 5y)(x - 2y)$$

$$A \cdot B = 10$$

$$A = 5$$

$$B = 2$$

$$-A - B = -7$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{A + B = 7}$$

(61.)

sec. 5.2

(8)

$$6a^{10} + 30a^9 - 84a^8$$

$$a^8(6a^2 + 30a - 84)$$

$$2 \cdot a^8(3a^2 + 15a - 42)$$

$$2 \cdot 3 \cdot a^8(a^2 + 5a - 14)$$

$$6a^8(a^2 + 5a - 14)$$

$$6a^8(a + A)(a - B)$$

$$A = 7$$

$$A \cdot B = 14$$

$$B = 2$$

$$A - B = 5$$

$$\text{ANSWER} = 6a^8(a + 7)(a - 2)$$